# **Tree Inventory and Assessment**

Angeline Street North
Colborne Street West to Kent Street



City of Kawartha Lakes





### TREE INVENTORY AND ASSESSMENT

for

**Angeline Street North** from Colborne Street West to Kent Street City of Kawartha Lakes

Prepared by Ainley Group

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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Ainley Group was retained by the City of Kawartha Lakes to complete a Schedule B Class EA including detailed design for the proposed reconstruction of Angeline Street North from north of Colborne Street West to Roosevelt Street in the Town of Lindsay. The assessment includes a tree survey of roadside trees, including general ratings of health and hazards.

#### 2.0 PURPOSE OF THE REPORT AND SCOPE OF WORK

The report and scope of work has been based on City approved methods, and includes the following scope of work for all inventoried trees:

- Road Chainage (station);
- Setback from curb;
- Species identification;
- Measurement of the diameter at breast height (DBH);
- · General health assessment; and,
- General hazard assessment.

It should be noted that the tree inventory on the subject property was intended to provide a general inventory and assessment of trees within the project limits.

#### 2.1 DATA COLLECTION METHODOLOGY

Field data collection for the tree inventory and assessment was completed on October 26, 2018. A measuring wheel was used to record the distance of trees from a known surveyed feature. The wheel was also used to measure offset distance from curb to the trunk. Distances were then converted to stations (chainage).

Trees with a diameter at breast height (DBH) equal to or greater than 0.15 m and within 8 metres from Edge of Pavement were included in the inventory. Each tree was given a tree identification code, identified to species level, if possible, measured for DBH and photographed. The characteristics of each tree was recorded in a field note book and located on aerial imagery. For those trees with multiple stems, the DBH of each individual stem was recorded.

In addition to the above information, a general assessment of health and hazard level associated with the tree were recorded. The health assessment utilized a four-stage ranking system (good, fair, poor, dead) and was based on non-invasive *in situ* observations of the tree. Characteristics used in the health assessment included such things as wounds/callusing, dieback, fungal growth, decay, breakage, etc.

The hazard rating for each tree incorporated the general health assessment as well as the morphology of the tree and included both potential and actual hazards. Conditions used to rate hazard levels included lean, crown balance, extent of disease, dead branches, cracks, cavities, broken branches, target (objects or areas toward which the tree could fall), etc. The hazard rating also utilized a four-stage ranking system (none, low, moderate, high).

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#### 3.0 INVENTORY AND ASSESSMENT RESULTS

A total of 95 trees representing 17 species were recorded, including 47 conifers and 48 deciduous trees (**Table 1**). Trees of all health levels were observed within the project limits. Sixty-five percent of the trees were considered to exhibit good health, while 21 % exhibited fair health. Only 6% exhibited poor/fair health and 4% were in poor health.

The majority of trees (82%) were considered to be of no hazard. 8% were considered at low to low/moderate hazard levels, while 10% exhibited moderate to high hazard levels. Photos typical of each health rating are shown in **Appendix A**.

Higher hazard ratings were given to trees that exhibited certain conditions including advanced age, damage, disease, uneven pruning, significant lean, etc.

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Γree ID	Common Name	Latin Name	DBH (m)	Station	Offset East	West	Offset to Dripline	Rating <sup>1</sup>	ondition Hazard Potential <sup>2</sup>	Field Comments
A005	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.52	18+881	Luoi	4.01		Fair	Low/Moderate	Trimmed; Leaning Toward House
<b>\004</b>	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.58	18+875		5		Fair	None	Branch Dieback; Trimmed from Utility
.003	Blue Spruce	Picea pungens	0.38	18+865		7.05		Fair	None	Branch Dieback
.002	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.61	18+859		5.05		Good	None	Trimmed from Utility
.009	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.38, 0.21	18+847	7.8			Fair	Low/Moderate	2 Trunks; Smaller Trunk Dead
800	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.23	18+846	9.1			Fair	None	Minimal Branching
.007	Scots Pine Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris Pinus sylvestris	0.52 0.39	18+846 18+840	5.0 7.0			Good Good	None None	Sign on Tree
.000	Flowering Crabapple	Malus sp.	0.29, 0.22, 0.21	18+837	7.0	4		Good	None	Multistem
.076	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.30, 0.28	18+808	6.7			Good	None	Split at 1.17m
077	Silver Maple	Acer saccharinum	0.65	18+796	5.9			Fair/Poor	Moderate/High	Peeling Bark, Dieback
.010	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	0.6	18+787		16.2	8.7	Good	None	Broad Crown
.078	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	0.26	18+769	9.2		6.6	Good	None	
011	Red Pine	Pinus resinosa	0.42	18+754		7		Good	Low	Heavy Branching
.012	Red Pine	Pinus resinosa	0.44	18+752		10.12		Good	Low	Heavy Lean to South
.013	Red Pine	Pinus resinosa	0.35	18+750		5.07		Good	None	
016	White Spruce	Picea glauca	0.28	18+508		12.5	10.6	Good	None	Adjacent to Chain link Fence
015	White Spruce	Picea glauca	0.25	18+508		8.6		Good	None	Adjacent to Chain link Fence
014	Eastern White Cedar	Thuja occidentalis	0.15	18+508		6.3		Good	None	Adjacent to Chain link Fence
017	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.4	18+494		7.62		Good	None	Trimmed from Utility
018 019	Sugar Maple Eastern White Cedar	Acer saccharum Thuja occidentalis	0.22 0.26	18+481 18+456		7.62 9.7		Good Good	None None	Multiple Branches at Breast Height
		•	0.26			9.7		Fair/Poor	+	Thin Branching': Callused Wound at 4m
020 079	Eastern White Cedar White Spruce	Thuja occidentalis Picea glauca	0.3	18+453 18+429	7.9	9.1		Good	Moderate None	Thin Branching'; Callused Wound at 4m
079	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.28	18+422	1.3	9.5	4.1	Fair	None	Some Branch Dieback
080	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.18	18+419	5.5	3.5		Good	None	Yellow Leaves
081	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.18	18+410	5.5			Good	None	Yellow Leaves
082	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.18	18+400	5.5			Good	None	Yellow Leaves
022	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.8	18+400		9.8	5.8	Good	None	Broad Crown
023	Red Maple	Acer rubrum	0.2	18+364		10.3		Poor	Moderate/High	Multiple Dead Branches
024	Silver Maple	Acer saccharinum	0.85	18+353		9.95	4.6	Good	None	Trimmed from Utility
083	Blue Spruce	Picea pungens	0.25	18+346	8.9		6.9	Good	None	
025	White Birch	Betula papyrifera	0.27	18+340		10.5		Fair/Poor	Moderate	Callused Wounds
026	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.71	18+315		10.2	4.4	Good	None	Trimmed from Utility
027	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.41	18+296		10.65	6.3	Good	None	0.11
028	Crabapple	Malus sp.	0.28	18+282		5.25		Fair	Low	Callused Wounds; Lean to South
029	Crabapple	Malus sp.	0.28, 0.28	18+281		5.4	0.0	Fair/Poor	Low/Moderate	Multistem; One Trunk Broken
030	Red Maple	Acer rubrum	0.33	18+276	0.0	10.8	6.9	Fair	None	Some Branch Dieback
084	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.19	18+271 18+261	8.3	10.0	6.1	Good	None	Green Leaves
031	Red Maple Green Ash	Acer rubrum	0.48 0.3	18+251		10.9 10.6	5.3 4.3	Good Good	None Low	Slight Loop to Bood
032 085	Norway Maple	Fraxinus pennsylvanica Acer platanoides	0.18	18+252	9.2	10.6	7.7	Good	None	Slight Lean to Road  Yellow Leaves
033	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.18	18+251	5.2	6.6	1.1	Fair	None	Lightening Strike
086	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.24	18+250	7.0	0.0		Good	None	Lighterining office
088	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.45	18+244	6.9			Good	None	
.087	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.32	18+244	3.1			Good	None	
.089	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.22	18+239	7.6			Good	None	
.090	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.22	18+237	5.3			Good	None	Yellow Leaves
034	White Spruce	Picea glauca	0.26	18+232		5.22		Fair	None	Trimmed from Utility
.091	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.21	18+229	5.8			Good	None	Yellow Leaves
.035	White Spruce	Picea glauca	0.29	18+229		5.2		Fair	None	Trimmed from Utility
092	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.22	18+220	5.6			Good	None	Yellow Leaves
.037	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.6	18+219		9.3	5.2	Fair/Good	None	Trimmed from Utility
.036	White Spruce	Picea glauca	0.23	18+219		5		Fair	None	Trimmed from Utility
038	White Spruce	Picea glauca	0.32	18+212		5.03		Fair	None	Trimmed from Utility
093	Flowering Crabapple	Malus sp.	0.16	18+211	7.8	5.00		Good	None	
039	White Spruce	Picea glauca	0.32	18+209		5.03		Fair	None	
040	White Spruce	Picea glauca	0.35	18+207		5.03		Fair	None	
041	White Spruce	Picea glauca	0.25	18+204	7.2	5.03		Fair	None	
094 042	Flowering Crabapple White Spruce	Malus sp. Picea glauca	0.17 0.4	18+203 18+202	1.2	5.03		Good Good	None None	
042	Blue Spruce	Picea giauca Picea pungens	0.4	18+202 18+199		5.03 8.3		Good	None None	
043 044	Blue Spruce Blue Spruce	Picea pungens Picea pungens	0.48	18+199 18+198		9.9	7.9	Good	None None	
095	Green Ash	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	0.45	18+196	7.0	5.5	1.3	Fair	None	Callused Wound
045	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.16	18+195	1.0	7.8		Good	Low	Reds Leaves, Growth Around Old Staking \
096	Green Ash	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	0.16	18+190	6.5			Good	None	or
053	Norway Spruce	Picea abies	0.37	18+127		6.1		Poor	Moderate/High	Branch Dieback, Dead Leader
054	Norway Spruce	Picea abies	0.41	18+121		6.2		Poor	Moderate/High	Leader / Branch Dieback
061	Siberian elm	Ulmus pumila	0.22	18+119	11.9		6.6	Good	None	
062	Manitoba Maple	Acer negundo	0.12 to 0.18	18+116	11.9		6.6	Fair	None	5 Stems
055	Manitoba Maple	Acer negundo	0.39	18+104		6.75		Fair	None	Squirrel Nest, Trimmed From Utility
056	Manitoba Maple	Acer negundo	0.33	18+104		7.5		Fair	None	Fence line -Slight Lean Towards Building
063	Norway Spruce	Picea abies	0.55	18+096	8.6		4.3	Good	None	
057	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.43	18+084		5.57		Good	None	
065	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.23	18+071	6.7			Good	None	
064	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.33	18+071	5.5			Good	None	
066	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.24	18+070	5.5			Good	None	
067	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.3	18+069	7.9	<b></b>		Good	None	
268	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.34	18+066	5.9	<b></b>		Good	None	
069	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.4	18+059	4.7	<b></b>		Good	None	
070	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.24	18+057	4.9	6.0	<del>                                     </del>	Good	None	Oser- Laura
058	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.28	18+057	4.0	6.3	<del>                                     </del>	Fair	None	Green Leaves
071	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.25	18+053	4.9	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	Good	None	
072	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.3	18+051	5.1	6.0		Good Fair/Poor	None Moderate	Diohasir Trimor!
059	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	0.67	18+051	E 0	6.2	<del>                                     </del>	Fair/Poor	Moderate	Dieback, Trimmed
073	Scots Pine	Pinus sylvestris	0.39	18+049	5.2	6.0	<del>                                     </del>	Good	None	Mines Talarania a Fac. 1999
060	Sugar Maple	Acer saccharum	1.04	18+041	4.0	6.3	<del>                                     </del>	Good	None	Minor Trimming From Utility
074	Sugar Maple Green Ash	Acer saccharum	0.51	18+037	4.8	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	Good Fair	None	Couth Dealers Decision
052		Fraxinus pennsylvanica	0.53	20+055 (Kent St.) 20+058 (Kent St.)	4.9		E 0		None	South, Broken Branches
047	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.77		14.6		5.8	Good Fair/Good	None	North, Red Leaves
051` 050	Norway Maple	Acer platanoides	0.4	20+064 (Kent St.)	7.5 6.4	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	Fair/Good	None	South, Red Leaves South
UUU	Black Walnut Norway Maple	Juglans nigra	0.55	20+073 (Kent St.)			6.0	Good	None	
	. DODWAY MADIA	Acer platanoides	0.25	20+084 (Kent St.)	9.4	1	6.9	Good Fair/Poor	None	North
046		Acer saccharinum	0.52	20+102 (Kant C+)	16 7					
046 049 048	Silver Maple Silver Maple	Acer saccharinum Acer saccharinum	0.58 0.72	20+102 (Kent St.) 20+107 (Kent St.)	16.7 15.5		6.9 6.7	Good	Moderate None	South, Dead Stems South

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Good/Fair/Poor/Dead <sup>2</sup> None/Low/Moderate/High



#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 4.1 Conclusions

A total of 95 trees were inventoried and assessed within the project limits. During the assessment seventeen (17) species were identified, of which eleven (11) were deciduous and five (6) were coniferous. Sixty-five percent of the assessed trees were considered to be in good health. Another 21% exhibited fair health. Only 6% exhibited poor/fair health and 4% were in poor health.

Eight trees, or 8% exhibited moderate to moderate/high hazard levels based on the condition of the tree including age, size, extent of disease and/or damage, etc. Only one (1) tree (dead White Spruce) was considered to be at a high hazard level. Most trees (82%) were considered to be of no hazard.

No species at risk trees were identified. Some large diameter trees were observed during the survey that may be considered higher valued trees by the City and preservation of these trees in particular may be desired.

In general, the footprint of road improvements is proposed to be similar to the existing configuration of street features and direct removal of street trees is not scheduled. However, proposed construction may impact some trees through unavoidable disturbance of roots within critical root zones. The critical root zone may be defined as the radius of land surrounding the tree trunk at a minimum distance of 12 inches per inch of tree trunk radius measured at DBH (137 cm or 4.5 feet)(Municipality of Port Hope, 2016). Zones may differ depending on tree species, soil conditions, etc.

In addition, consideration by the City of Kawartha Lakes, in consultation with the landowner, to remove some existing trees that exhibit a moderate/high to high hazard may also be warranted.

#### 4.2 Recommendations

A summary of the general health and hazard levels of trees observed during the assessment has been provided. This report may be used as a general guide to identify trees that may be impacted during street improvements or in order to reduce potential hazards. Typical tree mitigation measures are recommended for those trees that are to be preserved. Tree protection measures may include perimeter fencing at the critical root zone, proper storage of machinery and equipment away from the tree during construction as well as use of permeable final treatments over the critical root zones of trees (Municipality of Port Hope, 2016).

Replacements with new, native tree species may also be desired.



#### 5.0 CLOSURE

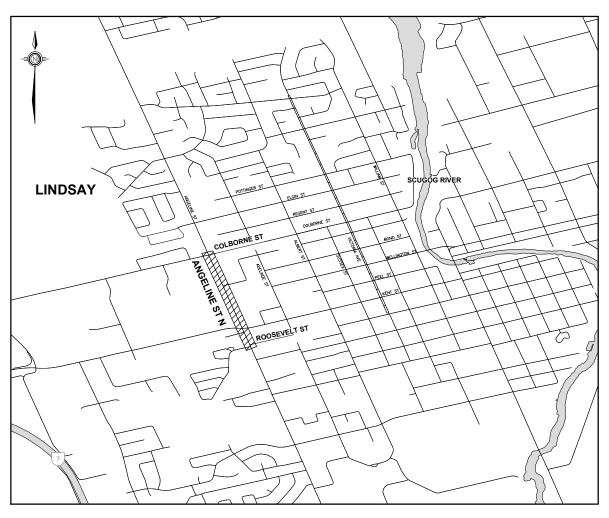
Ainley Group has prepared this Tree Inventory and Assessment report per the scope as outlined in **Section 2.0** in an effort to provide a general inventory of trees on the subject property and an assessment of their health and hazard rating.

#### 6.0 References

2016. Municipality of Port Hope Tree Planting and Protection Policy. Municipality of Port Hope.



# **FIGURES**



PROJECT AREA

# **METRIC**

DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES AND/OR MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN

ANGELINE MCEA

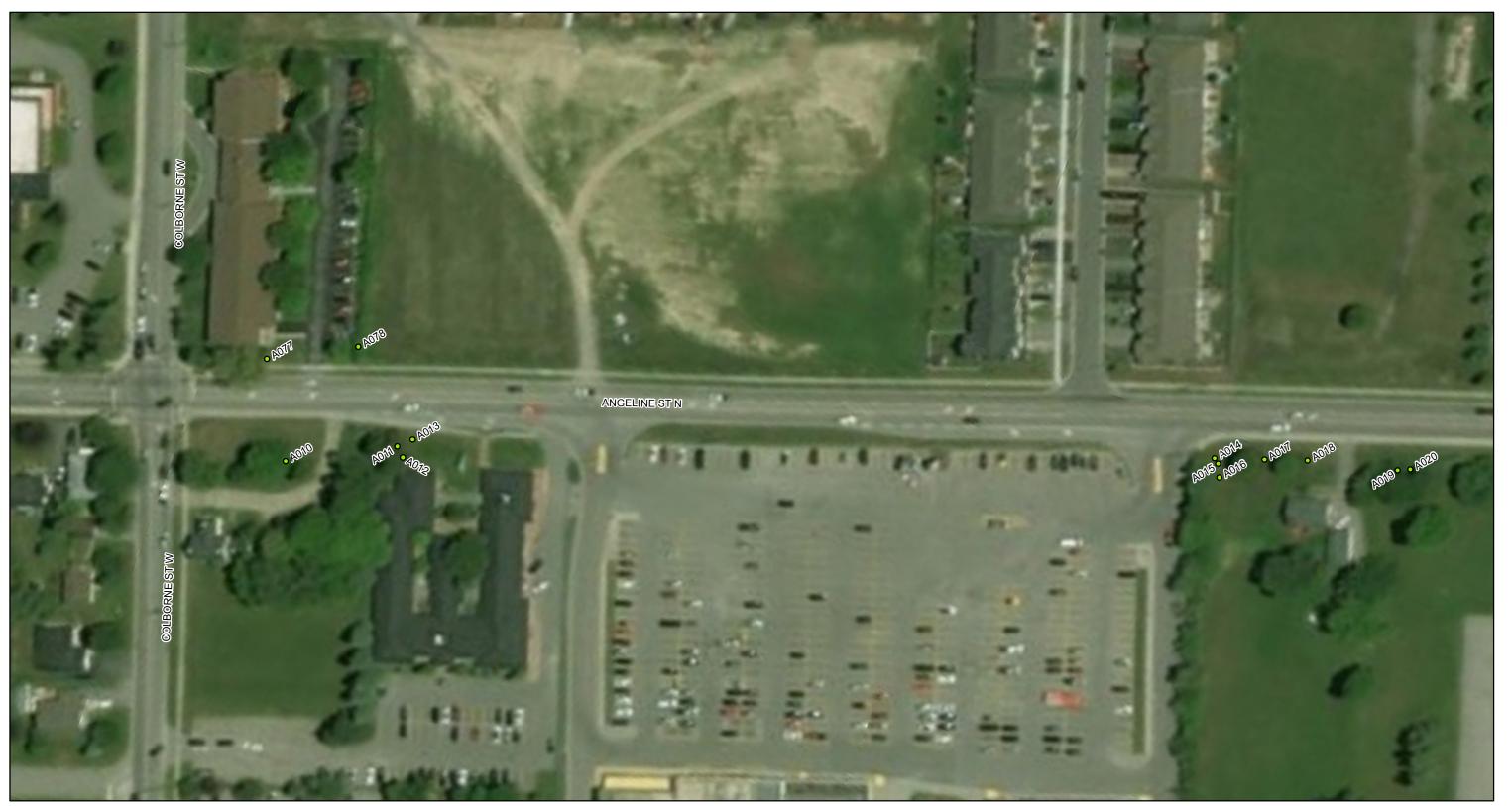


FIGURE 1

TREE INVENTORY

# Legend

• TREE LOCATIONS



# **METRIC**

DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES AND/OR MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN

ANGELINE MCEA

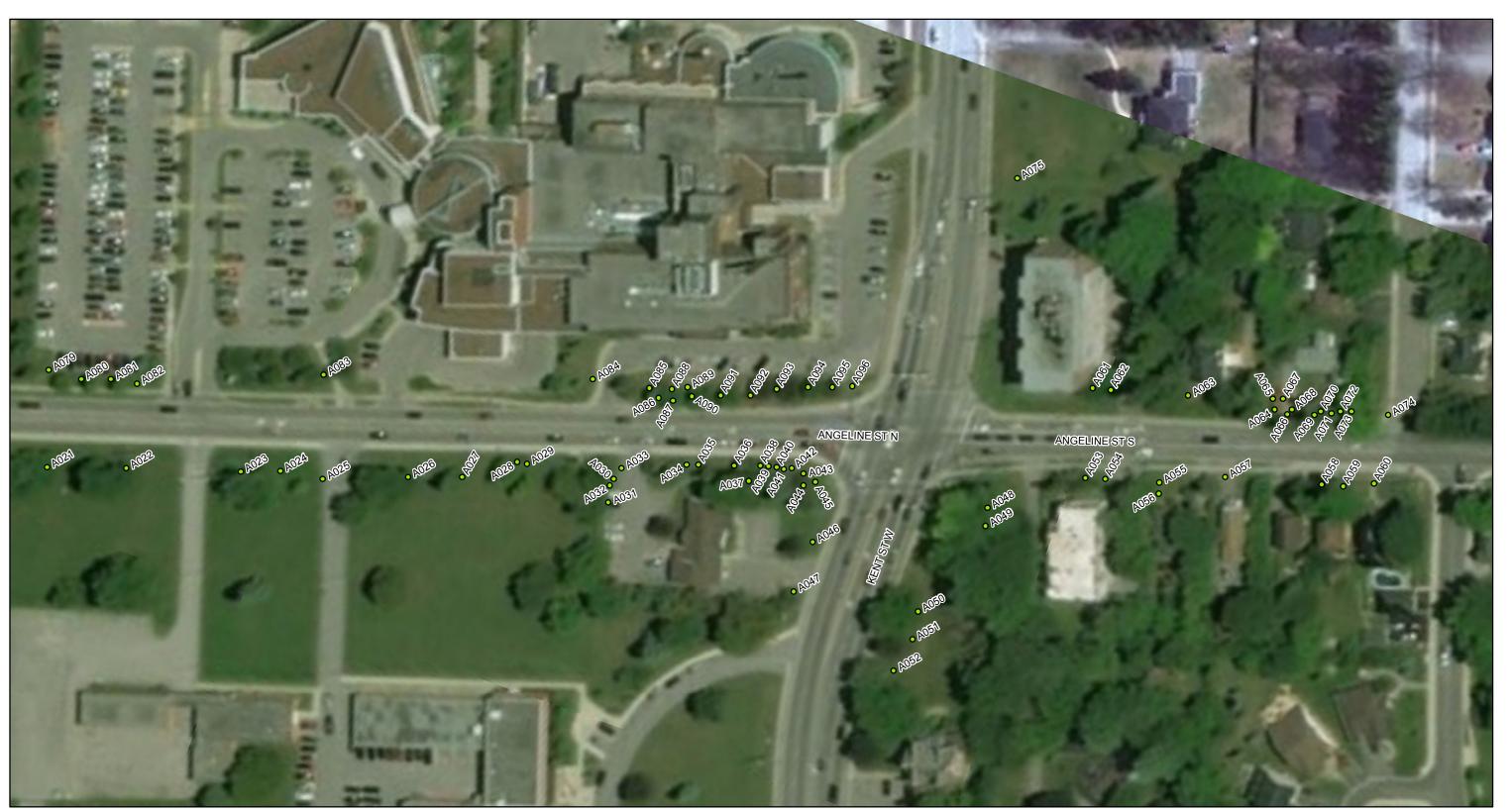


FIGURE 2

TREE INVENTORY

# Legend

• TREE LOCATIONS





# APPENDIX A Photographic Log



Photograph 1. Typical healthy Norway Maple – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 2. Typical Norway Maple in fair health – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 3. Typical healthy Scots Pine – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 4. Typical Scots Pine in fair health – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 5. Typical healthy White Spruce – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 6. Typical White Spruce in fair health – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 7. Silver Maple in good health – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 8. Silver Maple in poor to fair health – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 9. Red Maple exhibiting no hazard – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 10. Red Maple exhibiting moderate/high hazard potential – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 11. Sugar Maple exhibiting moderate hazard potential – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 12. Norway Spruce exhibiting moderate/high hazard potential – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 13. Silver Maple exhibiting moderate/high hazard potential – November 26, 2018.



Photograph 14. White Birch exhibiting moderate hazard potential – November 26, 2018.